The DQO/MQO process

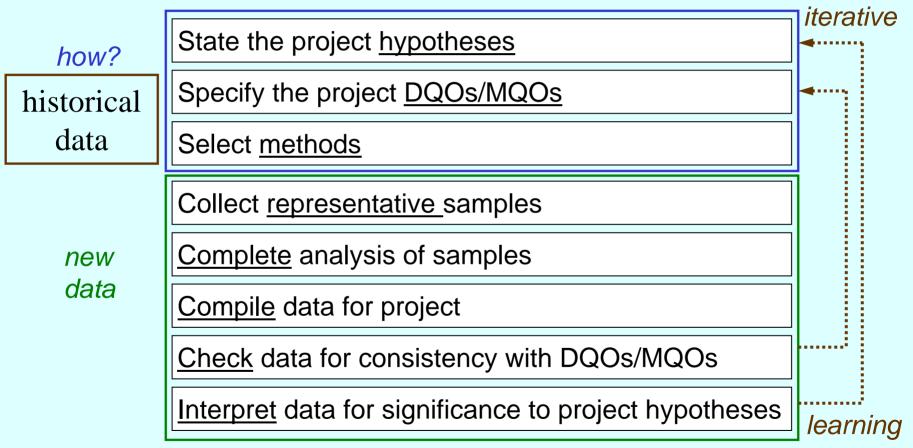
State the project <u>hypotheses</u> Specify the project <u>DQOs/MQOs</u> Select methods Collect representative samples Monitoring Complete analysis of samples Compile data for project Check data for consistency with DQOs/MQOs <u>Interpret</u> data for significance to project hypotheses

The DQO/MQO process

State the project <u>hypotheses</u> Specify the project <u>DQOs/MQOs</u> Select methods Collect representative samples collaborations partnerships Complete analysis of samples Compile data for project Check data for consistency with DQOs/MQOs Interpret data for significance to project hypotheses

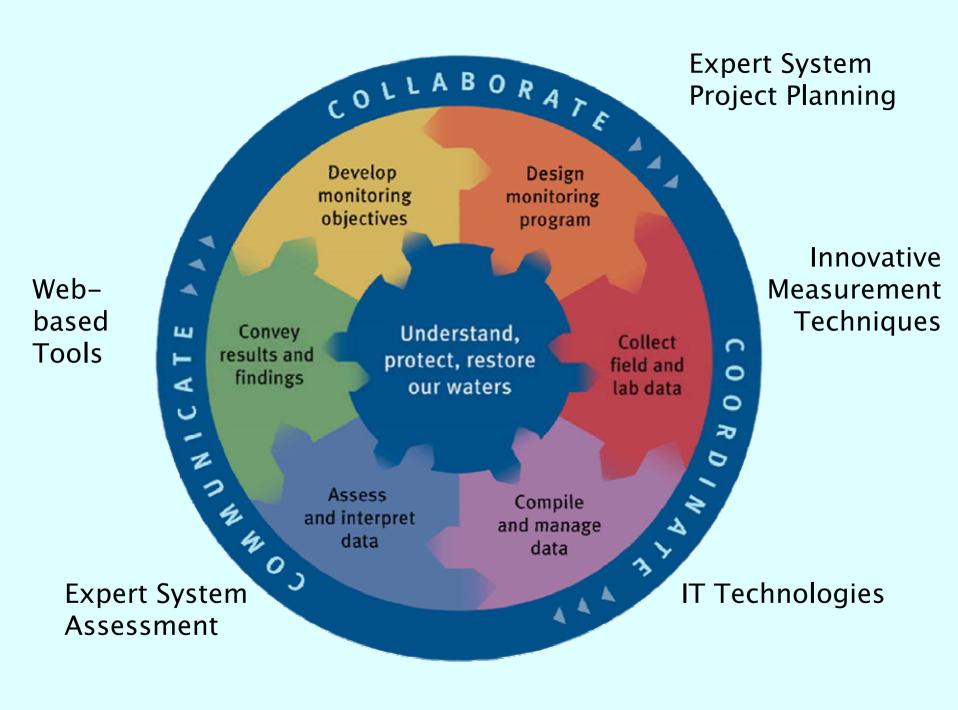
The DQO/MQO process

comparability?





Exploring New & Emerging Methods & Technologies



What is the Value of New/Emerging Technologies?

- Higher quality data to present a more realistic picture
- · Can be faster, better, and cheaper
 - Speed can lead to additional information
 - Speed assists with turn around time in the field
 - Speed of analysis required for water security applications
 - Yields higher quality and/or different information
 - Lower cost is critical in some cases
- Better answer questions on different spatial scales
- Approved methods do not meet measurement requirements

What is the Value of New/Emerging Technologies?

- Real time data on the web provides much additional information
- New technologies can identify new concerns
- Management related issues
 - Increased program efficiencies
 - Better able to meet new project requirements
 - Better able to satisfy public concerns
 - Better able to communicate information to decision-makers and legislators

What are the Barriers/Challenges to Moving Forward?

- Acceptance of results by data users
- Varying performance characteristics unknown false positive and negative rates
- Methods approval process
- Links must be established between monitoring needs and available new technologies
- High cost for developer

What are the Barriers/Challenges to Moving Forward?

- Current water quality standards can provide disincentives for new technologies - written in specific units, parameters, etc.
- Organizational culture resistance to change
- Desire for consistency status and trends
- Coordination/logistics

What is Needed to Move Forward?

- Build monetary incentives and requirements into monitoring programs for exploring new technologies
- Create more of a market-based demand for new technologies
- Top-down directive to develop new technology - e.g., perchlorate
- Communicate specific monitoring interests to partners for potential collaborations – e.g., perchlorate
- Consider using new technologies in their infancy in monitoring programs

What is Needed to Move Forward?

- Bring stakeholders to the table to mesh interests
- Regulatory acceptance
- Use of PBS
- Education training courses, workshops for practitioners and program managers
- Use new technology to set policy
- Comparison of old and new methods status and trends
- Pursue integration of web services and geographic info services with data elements

What are Success Stories, Lessons Learned, and Tools at Conference That You Can Apply?

- NEMI
- · New technology in analysis of sediments
- Technologies related to water security
- Toxicity testing
- Microbial monitoring
- Remote sensing added section to Standard Methods
- Chemical, microbiological, and biological water quality data elements
- Vendor info

What is Role of National Council and Stakeholders in Moving Theme Forward?

- Factsheet and professional publication on new technologies
- Highlight success stories
- Create Council newsletter
- Sponsor short courses
- Guidance on implementation of the Framework in context of new technologies

What is Role of National Council and Stakeholders in Moving Theme Forward?

- ACWI to provide recommendations on prioritization and use of new technologies
- Clearinghouse for information on new technologies